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# **Research Article**

# Physico - chemical analysis of Kanadya ghrut

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# ABSTRACT:

*Kanadya ghrut* was processed as per the process of *sneha kalpana* procedure described in a ayurvedic classical texts. With the help of *sneha kalpana* active principles of herbal drugs can be extracted and incorporated into *sneha* to achieve its maximum efficiency. *Kanadya ghrut* is a medicated *ghrut* mentioned in *Bharat bhaishjya ratankar* <sup>(1)</sup>. It is indicated for *Kshay* and *Rajayakshma* (Tuberculosis).

The aim of the present study is to prepared *Kanadya ghrut* and analysed it by using modern parameters to understand the changes that occurred during the preparation of *Kanadya ghrut*.

KEY WORDS: Kanadya ghrut, Snehakalpana, Rajayakshma Analysis

## **INTRODUCTION:**

Ayurveda is the oldest surviving complete medical system in the world. Rasashastra and Bhaishjya Kalpana is one of the important branch of Ayurveda that deals with the pharmaceutical processing, preparation of compounds medicine. In Ayurveda *ghrut* is commonly used for the management of many diseases due to its medical properties. Kanadya ghrut is prepared by snehakalpana method. Kanadya ghrut is specially used to treat kshay and Rajayakshma (Tuberculosis). It is prepared by taking equal quantity of *pippali*, *gudpani* (mixture of jaggery and water), and go ghrut . The chemical changes that occurred during the process of heating of kalka dravy and ghrut was observed in the present study. This would help us to determine the efficacy of *Kanadya* ghrut for the above cited therapeutic purpose.

# Aim and Objectives :

# Aim :

Pharmaceutic- analytical study of Kanadya ghrut.

# **Objectives** :

- 1. Identification and authentication of raw materials
- 2. To prepare Kanadya ghrut
- 3. Analytical study of *Kanadya ghrut*.

# **MATERIALS AND METHODS**:

All the required ingredients were identified and collected from local Ayurvedic shop and subject to the standardization based on the data provided in the *Ayurveda* pharmacopoeia

#### Preparation of Kanadya ghrut :

*Kanadya ghrut* was prepared according to the procedure mentioned in *Bharat bhaishjya ratankar*. The sample were prepared under the supervision of our unit head.

# Procedure:

1) Pippali kalka preparation-

Takes 200 gm *pippali chura* and add small quantity of water. Mixes it well. Keep adding water until it form in *kalk* shaped.

2) Gudpani preparation-

Takes 200 gm *guda* and add water slowly in it whenever *guda* totally dissolved in water. It should not be too diluted. It was filtered with the help of cleaned cotton.

3) *Go ghrut, gudpani, and pipali kalk* take 200 gm each in stainless steel. Then it was heated on *mandagni* (mild flame). Mixture should be stirred continuously

with spoon till the snehsiddhi lakshan of ghrut appeared.

Sneha siddhi pariksha is done to check whether it is prepared or not.

Sneha siddhi pariksha - Disappearance of foam in ghrut, ability of kalka to get rolled into wick, doesn't create cracking sounds when introduced in the fire, appearance of desired colour, smell etc<sup>(2)</sup>.

After obtaining the snehsiddhi lakshan the Kanadya *ghrut* was filtered with the help of cleaned cotton.

# **RESULTS**:

*Goghrut* was taken 200ml and final product obtained was 160 ml.

Analytical test of kanadya ghrut was done and result are given below.

Table No. 1: Showing the content of Kanadya ghrut			
Sr. No.	Ingredients	Quantity	
1	Pippali (Piper longum)	200 Gm	
2	Guda (Jaggery)	200 Gm	
3	Ghrut (Ghee)	200 Gm	

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1	Pippali (Piper longum)	200 Gm
2	Guda (Jaggery)	200 Gm
3	Ghrut (Ghee)	200 Gm

Test	Results	
Appearance	Semisolid thick	
Colour	Yellowish black	
Odour	Characteristic	
Taste	Strongly spicy & pungent	
Specific gravity	1.010	
Moisture	0.35 %	
Saponification value	226	
Iodine value	31	
Unsaponifiable matter	1.38 %	

#### Table No. 2: Showing the analysis of Kanadya ghrut

#### **DISCUSSION:**

*Snehakalpana* is commonly used to prepared different medicine. It extracts active principles from raw materials. Snehakalpana is important kalpana mentioned in the Sharangdhar samhita. Ghrut, taila, vasa, majja, are sneha dravya but among these ghrut is excellent because it incorporates as well as it has power of assimilation when other substance added to it<sup>(3)</sup>. Also, it retains its own quality. While *snehapak viddhi* it should be subjected to *mandagi* (mild flame) and stirring continuously is necessary to avoid sticking of kalka to bottom. During preparation of *ahrut* it is necessary to check *siddhi lakshan*. In kanadya ghrut, pipali, gudpani, go ghrut are Pippalli has guna – laghu, snigdh, constituents. teekshna. Rasa - katu, Vipak - Madhur, Virya anushnasheeta<sup>(4)</sup>. Due to phyto constituents of go ghrut, pippali and guda, Kanadya ghrut cure Kshay and Rajayakshma.

# **CONCLUSION:**

Details description of kanadya ghrut along with its constituents, characteristics of ingredients, preparation, snehsiddhi lakshan and uses of ghrut explained. By snehakalpana procedure, allow the phyto constituents present in the ingredients to be transferred to the final product. Kanadya ghrut is used to treat Kshay, Rajayakshma by its phyto constituents.

Analytical parameters show it is safe for internally uses.

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