

Review Article

Critical review of *Navayas Lauha* w.s.r to *Rasayogsagar*Gangaprasad Asore¹, Veena Sharma², Dipalee Thakur^{3,*}HOD & Associate professor^{1,2}, P.G. Scholar³Department of Rasashastra and Bhaishajya Kalpana^{1,3}, Department of Shalaky Tantra²^{1,3}APM's Ayurved Mahavidyalaya, Sion, Mumbai, Maharashtra, India-400022²MSM Institute of Ayurveda, Sonapat, Haryana, India-131305* **Corresponding Author:** Dr. Dipalee Thakur, E-mail: dipalee94@rediffmail.com

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ABSTRACT:

The science of *Ayurveda* originated with the need to cure diseases and to maintain health of human being. The basic principle of *Ayurveda* is " *Swasthasya swasthya rakshanam aturasya vikar prashanamanam cha*"^[1] in which various *Ayurvedic* formulations play an important role. *Rasashastra and Bhaishajya Kalpana* is pharmaceutical branch of *Ayurveda* which mainly deals with preparation of various drugs by using herbs, metals and minerals etc. *Navayas lauha* is an important and commonly used Herbo-mineral formulation which mainly contain *Lauha bhasma* and *Mandur bhasma* to treat conditions like *Pandu*, *Shotha*, *Kushtha*, *Hrudroga* etc. This is an attempt to collect and study various references of *Navayas Lauha* mentioned in *Rasayogsagar*.

KEY WORDS: *Rasashastra and Bhaishajya Kalpana, Navayas lauha, Lauha bhasma, Pandu*

INTRODUCTION:

Rasashastra and Bhaishajya Kalpana is branch of *Ayurveda* which mainly deals with preparation of various drugs. Hundreds of formulations are explained in classical texts with the permutation combination of *Bhasmas* along with herbal ingredients. Iron is one among the major metals present in the earth's crust and is essential for sound sustenance of human body. Its deficiency leads to various health ailments. Contemporary medicine advises iron supplements in iron deficiency anemia. *Ayurvedic* classics also quote significant information about administration of iron. *Lauha Kalpas* are the unique compound herbo-mineral formulations where iron (*Lauha*) is used as a major ingredient. *Navayasa lauha* is a very popular *lauha kalpa* in *ayurvedic* text prepared by combining *Nava* (nine herbal ingredients) with *Aayasa/Lauha* (Iron) and mainly used in the treatment in *Pandu roga*.^[2] It is also effective in treatment of *Kushtha*, *Kamala*, *Halimaka*, *Shotha*, *Samgrahni*, *Kshaya* etc.

MATERIALS AND METHODS:

For the present literature study of *Navayas lauha* text of *Rasayogsagar*[Table No. 1], previous research work done regarding it and *Ayurvedic* journals were thoroughly screened.

A] Preparation of *Navayas lauha*-

Preparation of *Navayas lauha* as per *pathabheda*

mentioned in *Rasayogsagar*[Table No. 1] is as follows-

1] 1st *Pathabheda* ^[2]-

Fine powder of *Amalaki*, *Haritaki*, *Bibhitaki*, *Shunth*, *Marich*, *Pippali*, *Musta*, *Vidang*, *Chitrak* 1 part each and *Lauha bhasma* 9 part taken and mixed well. This mixture stored in proper container and can be used with the *Madhu*, *Ghruta*, *Gomutra*, *Ardrak swaras* according to disease.

2] 2nd *Pathabheda* ^[3]-

Shuddha Parad bhasma 1 part, *Musta* 1 part, *Guduchi* 2 parts, *Chitrak* 3 parts, *Yashtimadhu* 4 parts, *Pippali* 5 parts, *Vidang* 6 parts, *Shunthi* 7 parts, *Triphala* 8 parts, *Lauha bhasma* 9 parts are taken in *churna* form and mixed well. This can be used with *Madhu*.

3] 3rd *Pathabheda* ^[4]-

Fine powder of *Amalaki*, *Haritaki*, *Bibhitaki*, *Shunth*, *Marich*, *Pippali*, *Ela*, *Jatiphal*, *Lavang* 1 part each and *Lauha bhasma* 9 parts taken and mixed well. This can be used with *Madhu*.

4] 4th *Pathabheda* ^[5]-

Fine powder of *Amalaki*, *Haritaki*, *Bibhitaki*, *Shunth*, *Marich*, *Pippali*, *Musta*, *Vidang*, *Chitrak*, *Lauha bhasma* each 1 part and *Mandur bhasma* 8 part taken and mixed well. This can be used with *Madhu* or *Ghruta*.

Table No. 1: Table No. 1: Pathabheda of Navayas lauha mentioned in Rasayogsagar.

Pathabheda	1 st pathabheda [2]	2 nd pathabheda [3]	3 rd pathabheda [4]	4 th pathabheda [5]
Dravya	<i>Trikatu, Triphala, Musta, Vidang, Chitrak, Lauha bhasma</i>	<i>Shuddha Parad bhasma, Musta, Guduchi, Chitrak, Yashtimadhu, Pippali, Vidang, Shunthi, Triphala, Lauha bhasma</i>	<i>Trikatu, Triphala, Ela, Jatiphal, Lavang, Lauha bhasma</i>	<i>Trikatu, Triphala, Musta, Vidang, Chitrak, Lauha bhasma, Mandur bhasma</i>
Anupana	<i>Madhu, Ghruta, Gomutra, Ardrak swaras</i>	<i>Madhu</i>	<i>Madhu</i>	<i>Madhu, Ghruta</i>
Matra	<i>1 to 18 Ratti</i>	<i>1 to 9 Ratti</i>	<i>1 Masha</i>	<i>1 Masha</i>
Rogadhikar	<i>Pandu, Kushtha, Hrudrog, Arsha, Udar, Kamala, Shotha, Krumi, Bhagandar, Agnimandya, Arochak, Kaphavruddhi</i>	<i>Pandu</i>	<i>Kass, Shwas, Kshay, Meha, Pandu, Bhagandar, Jwar, Mandagni, Shopha, Moha, Grahani</i>	<i>Pandu, Hrudrog, Kamala, Halimak</i>

B] Importance of ingredients of Navayas lauha [6]-

1] Navayas lauha is rich in iron content (*Lauha bhasma*). Hence, it is mainly used in the treatment of Anemia (*Pandu*). It also contains *Triphala, Trikatu, Musta, Vidang, Chitrak* etc. These might have some role (bio enhancer) in absorption, distribution, metabolism, and excretion of iron.

2] Triphala mainly consists of tannin, gallic acid, ascorbic acid (vitamin c), and phenolics. Ascorbic acid increases the bioavailability of iron, while phenolics can reduce the iron by binding to it. *Triphala* is a mild laxative which reduces the constipating property. Hence, *Triphala* is mentioned in *Navayasa Lauha* formulations.

3] Trikatu (*Shunthi + Marich + Pippali*) is effective for *Amapachan*; which is the prime cause of all disease. It improves digestion and cures constipation. It stimulates the liver to secrete bile which is vital for fat digestion and absorption. It also *kaphaghna*.

4] Musta is used in Ayurveda for the treatment of various diseases. It is especially used as a cure for gastrointestinal and joint ailments. It has anti-inflammatory, antidiabetic, antidiarrheal, antipyretic, and analgesic activities.

5] Vidanga has carminative and hepatoprotective activity. It is anthelmintic, astringent, alterative and tonic.

6] Chitrak reduces *vata* and *kapha* and increases *pitta*. It is stimulant, anthelmintic and antiseptic. It is used in treatment of diseases like colitis, indigestion, hemorrhoids, diarrhea, gas and intestinal parasites.

C] Properties of ingredients of Navayas lauha-

Check [Table No. 2]

DISCUSSION:

Navayas lauha can be considered as one of the most important Herbo-mineral combination. As we study contents of *Navayas lauha*, its majority ingredients are *Vaat-kapha shamak, deepan, pachan, ushna virya* and can be used in the treatment of *Pandu, Shotha, Arsha, Udar* etc. *Navayas lauha* mainly acts on *Rasavaha strotas, Raktavaha strotas, Pranavaha strotas, Udakvaha strotas*. We have reviewed 4 pathabheda of *Navayas lauha*; but in order to prove the efficacy and safety of this Herbo-mineral combination advance research should be done like preparation, standardization, clinical trials etc.

CONCLUSION:

From the literature review of *Navayas lauha* mentioned in *Rasayogsagar* we can get a clear idea of action of the formulation in various diseases. This review also helps to understand different permutations and combinations of *dravya* mentioned in all four *pathabheda* according to their specific *Rogadhikar*.

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Table No. 2: Properties of ingredients of Navayas lauha.

Contents	Used in Patha-bheda	Properties	Action	Rogadhikar	References
Haritaki ^[7] (Terminalia chebula)	1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd , 4 th	Lavan varjit kashaya rasapradhan pancharasa Ushna virya Madhur vipak	Agnideepak, Medhya, Rasayan, Anuloman	Shwas, Kaas, Prameha, Arsha, Kustha, Udar, Krumi, Vaiswarya, Grahani, Visham Jwar, Gulma, Shoola, Anaha, Pleeha	Bhavprakash nighantu .haritakiyadhi varga pg no 3(11-18)
Bibhitaki ^[7] (Terminalia bellirica)	1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd , 4 th	Kashaya rasa, madhur vipak, ushna virya	Kapha pitta hara	Kasa, Keshya, Krumirog, Vaiswarya	Bhavprakash nighantu .haritakiyadhi varga p.6(36-37)
Amalaki ^[7] (Phyllanthus emblica)	1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd , 4 th	Amla, madhur kashaya rasa, amla vipak, shita virya	Vrushya, Rasayan, Tridoshar, Anuloman	Raktapitta, Prameha	Bhavprakash nighantu .haritakiyadhi varga p.10(38 -41)
Shunthi ^[7] (Zingiber officinale)	1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd , 4 th	Katu tikta rasa, Madhur vipak, Ushna virya	Vata-kapha nashak	Udarshool, Shirshool, Hrudshool, Shwas, Kasa, Pratishtay, shleepad, Anaah	Bhavprakash nighantu .haritakiyadhi varga p.13(44 -48)
Pippali ^[7] (Piper longum)	1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd , 4 th	Katu tikta rasa, Madhur vipak, Ushna virya	Vata-kapha nashak, Vrushya, Rechak, Agnideepak	Shwas, Kasa, Udar, Jwar, Kushtha, Prameha, Gulma, Arsha, Pandu, Krumirog	Bhavprakash nighantu. haritakiyadhi varga pg no 15 (54 -58)
Marich ^[7] (Piper nigrum)	1 st , 3 rd , 4 th	Tikta rasa, Katu vipak, Ushna virya	Deepan, Kapha- vaat shamak	Shwas, Shool, Krumirog	Bhavprakash nighantu .haritakiyadhi varga p.15(59 -61)
Yasthimadhu ^[7] (Glycyrrhiza glabra)	2 nd	Madhur ras, Madhur vipaka,	Chakshushy, Balya, Varnya, Shukral, Keshya, Swarya, Pittavatahar	Vranashoth, Visha, Chardi, Trushna, Glani, Kshay	Bhavprakash nighantu.haritakiyadhi varga pg no 65 (145-146)
Lauha bhasma ^[8]	1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd , 4 th	Tikta rasa, Ushna tatha shit virya	Rasayan, Snigdha, Tridoshashaman	Shool, Gulma, Pandu, Udar, Yakrutvikar, Pleehavridhi	Rasa ratna samuchay (5/96)
Mandur bhasma ^[9]	4 th	Kashaya rasa, Katu vipaka, Shita virya	Vata-kapha nashak	Pandu, Shoola, Arsha, Aamavikar, Prameha, Kamala, Pandu, Gulma, Aamvat, Udar	Rasa ratna samuchay (5/72 & 5/ 152)
Shuddha Parada Bhasma ^[10]	2 nd	-	Bala- viryakara, Vrushya	Atisaar, Shosha, Kshay, Agni-mandya	Rasatarngini (7/ 36-40)
Musta ^[11] (Cyperus Rotundus)	1 st , 2 nd , 4 th	Tikta rasa, Katu Virya, Shit vipaka	Grahi, Agnideepak, Pachak, Mutrajanak, Swedajanak	Jwar, Aruchi, Krumirog	Bhavprakash nighantu .Karpuradivarga pg no 243(92-94)
Vidang ^[7] (Embelia ribes)	1 st , 2 nd , 4 th	Katu kashaya rasa, Katu vipak, Ushna virya	Vaatanulomak, Deepan, Pachak	Krumirog, Aadhman, Udar	Bhavprakash nighantu. Haritakyadivarga p.52(112)
Chitrak ^[7] (Plumbago zeylanica)	1 st , 2 nd , 4 th	Katu rasa, Katu vipak, Ushna virya	Ruksha, Agnidipak, Pachan	Arsh, Krumirog, Grahani, kushtha	Bhavprakash nighantu .Haritakyadivarga pg no 21(70-71)
Guduchi ^[12] (Tinospora cordifolia)	2 nd	Katu tikta kashaya rasa, Madhur vipaka, Ushna virya	Tridoshaghna, Balya, Deepan, Pittasarak	Trushna, Daaha, Meha, Kasa, Pandu, Kamala, Kushtha, Vatarakta, Krumirog	Bhavprakash nighantu .Guduchyadivarga pg no 269(1-10)
Lavang ^[11] (Caryophyllu aromaticus)	3 rd	Katu Tikta rasa, Madhur vipak, Shit virya	Laghu, Ruksha, Deepan, Pachan, Kapha-pitta-rakta shamak, Netra hitakar	Adhman, Shoola, Kasa, Hikka, Kashy	Bhavprakash nighantu. Karpuradivarga p.209(58-59)
Ela ^[11] (Elattaria cardamum)	3 rd	Katu rasa, Katu vipak, Shit virya	Laghu, Vata-kapha Shamak	Shwas, kasa, Arsh, Mutrak-ruchra	Bhavprakash nighantu. Karpuradivarga pg no 212(63)
Jatiphal ^[11] (Myristica fragrans)	3 rd	Tikta rasa, Katu vipak, Ushna virya	Deepan, Grahi, Vata-kapha shanak	Trushna, Krumirog, Visha, Kasa, Shwasa, Shosha, Peenasa	Bhavprakash nighantu. Karpuradivarga p.216(54-55)

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